

THE GAZETTE

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EDITORIAL NOTISS.

Pingree and Burrows can now fight
to a finish, without fear of its effect on
the voters.

History never has and never will re-
cord the permanent ruling of superior
race by an inferior race.

Let's see, what part did Czar Reed
play in the campaign just closed? Is
Thomas a doubter of the administration?

Ohio Republicans holding office at
Washington, were made to contribute
\$6,000 to the Republican State cam-
paign fund.

It may be necessary to remind some
gentlemen that the Democratic party
does not need a new issue for the Presi-
dential campaign.

"The Service Men of the Spanish
War" is the rather long name of an
organization, intended to embrace all
volunteers, started at Lexington, Ky.

Now that the Congressional elec-
tions are over, the administration has
no reason to further postpone the com-
pletion of the treaty of peace.

Senator "Billy" Mason can now do
his singing in vaudeville, and get paid
for it, provided that he can find a
manager who hasn't any better sense.

The policy of the new French Minis-
try is announced to be peace, until
after the Paris exposition in 1900. The
French evidently know a good thing
when they see it.

If Senators Hoar and Hale talk in
the Senate as they have been talking
at home, there is trouble ahead for the
administration in getting that Spanish
treaty ratified.

If one may believe what reputable
correspondents write our Military Com-
missioners at Havana put in more time
squabbling with each other than in try-
ing to hurry Spanish evacuation.

The Cuban insurgents may not be
as shrewd as Gen. Blanco, in all
respects, but they are too shrewd to be
duped by Blanco into attempting
outrageous opposition to the U. S. troops.

Quay and Wamaker should con-
tinue their fight in the courts. If they
are what they represent each other to
be, they both ought to be in prison; if
they are not, the law ought to be sent
to jail for criminal libel.

In figuring on the result of the Con-
gressional elections, it should not be
forgotten that the Democrats made
their campaign almost entirely without
money, while their opponents spent
almost as much as they did in '96.

Members of the Cabinet and other
prominent officials, who have been on
the stump, at public expense for some
weeks, will now return to the work for
which they draw salaries, unless they
are too tired.

The gas explosion that occurred in
the U. S. Capitol the other day isn't a
marker to the one that will be heard in
the same building, if Mr. McKinley
doesn't play his cards very wisely in
paying Spain for the Philippines.

Perhaps if the plan to have those
sunk Spanish ships had been frigate-
nated by Sampson, or some other fa-
vorite of the naval ring, instead of by
Lieut. Hobson, it would not have been
turned down by those moss-backs who
run the Navy Department.

RUSSIA'S BIG ENTERPRISE.

The present Czar of Russia is evi-
dently determined to have his reign
marked by great industrial develop-
ment of his mighty domain. The
trans-Siberian Railway has been pushed
forward at the expense of millions of
dollars, and now the government
has decided upon the construction of
ship canal from the Baltic to the Black
Sea. This great waterway, it is said,
will be ten times as long as Suez Canal,
will cost over a hundred and fifty mil-
lions of dollars, and will require five
years for its construction. Though it
will be a thousand miles long, only
about 150 miles will have to be dug, as
there are a number of deep waterways
along the route, which can be used
with very little dredging.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the
Signature
of
J. C. Watson

CLASH OF RACES IN WILMINGTON, N. C.

Ten Negroes Killed and Three White
Men Wounded.

Thursday was a turbulent day in
Wilmington, N. C. Race war and re-
volution held high carnival. As the
result ten negroes were killed, twenty-
five were wounded; also three white
men were wounded, one per on fat-
tally.

The trouble commenced at 8:30 in
the morning when an armed body of
citizens, numbering about 4,000 and
led by ex-Representative Wadell, en-
tered the city. The committee of twenty-five
appointed for the purpose proceeded to
the publishing house of the negro
newspaper, the Record, to wreck it.

The editor of this paper had pub-
lished an article defamatory of white
women, and a mass meeting of citi-
zens Wednesday ordered his expulsion
from the city within twenty-four hours
and the removal of his press. Fifteen
leading negroes were called in by the
committee of twenty-five Wednesday
night and directed to notify the chair-
man by 7:30 the following morning
whether they would agree to the re-
moval of the press. They were in-
formed that if no answer was returned
the press would be demolished.

No answer was received by the chair-
man by the time appointed, and after
waiting an hour the citizens proceeded
in a body and demolished the fixtures
of the printing office. The building
was also fired and gutted.

The leaders say that this act was the
work of irresponsible persons, and as
soon as the fire was discovered, the fire
department was called to extinguish it.

The burning of the printing office
created a great commotion among the
negroes of the town. The rumor spread
that the whites were going to burn and
murder the negro quarters this
rumor reached the negro employees of
a compass numbering 300 or 400, who
quit work and hung about the streets
in manifest terror. Other parties con-
gregated in the negro section, and it
was in one of these that the tragedy
was enacted.

The men were standing on a corner
and were ordered to disperse. They
declined and, it is claimed, fired into
the whites.

A fusillade was immediately opened
on them by the whites, and three ne-
groes killed. Two whites were wound-
ed slightly. One negro ran down the
street, and passing a residence fired a
rifle at William Mayo, white, standing
on the veranda, shooting him through
the left lung. This negro was recog-
nized, pursued and captured while hid-
ing under a bed. It is said he con-
fessed to the shooting. He was rid-
dled with shot by his captors and
killed.

In the meantime the town was in a
state of excitement. The whites
rushed to the scene from every di-
rection, the local military company was
ordered out and a battalion of United
States Naval Reserves proceeded to the
vicinity of the trouble with rapid-fire
guns.

It developed later in the day that
the negro committee summoned last
night had agreed to use their good
offices to have the press removed, al-
though the editor had departed and
they had no authority in the premises.

Their letter, instead of being deliv-
ered to the chairman of the committee
of twenty-five in person, was put in
the mail and did not reach him until
three hours after the expiration of the
time limit which had been fixed for the
receipt of an answer.

The citizens of Wilmington were
greatly dissatisfied with their munici-
pal government, and the officers
were forced to resign. As each alder-
man vacated, the remainder elected a
successor named by the citizen's com-
mittee, until the entire board was
changed legally. The new board is
composed of conservative Democratic
citizens.

The mayor and chief of police then
resigned and the new board elected
their successors according to law. Ex-
Representative Wadell was elected
mayor.

The first act of the new government
was to swear in 250 special policemen,
chosen from the ranks of reputable
white citizens. They were vested with
all the authority of the law, and took
charge of the city. The citizens re-
mained on guard however, throughout
the town, to prevent possible attempts
at incendiarism.

A corner's jury held an inquest Sat-
urday over the bodies of the dead ne-
groes, and rendered a verdict that their

Congressman Botkin's Statement

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 1, 1898.
Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, O.
My Dear Doctor:—It gives me
pleasure to certify to the excellent
curative qualities of your medicine:



Hon. J. D. BOTKIN,
Congressman-at-Large from Kansas.

Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin. I have been
afflicted, more or less, for a quarter of
a century with catarrh of the stomach
and constipation; a residence in Wash-
ington has increased these troubles.

A few bottles of your medicines have
given me almost complete relief, and I
am sure that a continuation of their
use will effect a permanent cure.

Pe-ru-na is surely a wonderful rem-
edy for catarrhal affections.

J. D. BOTKIN.

death was caused by gun shots at the
hands of persons unknown to the jury.
The testimony of the witnesses, of
whom there were a number of repu-
table citizens, shows conclusively that
the negroes were decidedly the ag-
gressors in the precipitation of the
conflict.

Business has resumed in Wilming-
ton, although establishments hiring
negro labor exclusively are very short
of hands. Rioters have been sent
out into the woods adjacent to the city
to assure the negroes in hiding that
they can return with perfect safety. It
is reported that many of the negroes
in hiding are starving to death.

AN ENTERPRISING DRUGGIST.

There are a few men more wide
awake and enterprising than the Mc-
Crum Drug Co., who spare no pains to
secure the best of everything in their
line for their many customers. They
now have the valuable agency for Dr.
Kings New Discovery for Consumption,
Coughs and Colds. This is the won-
derful remedy that is producing such
a furor all over the country by its
many startling cures. It absolutely
cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness
and all affections of the Throat, Chest
and Lungs. Call at above drug store
and get a trial bottle free, or a regular
size for 50 cents and \$1.00. Guar-
anteed to cure or price refunded.

LONGFELLOW TO BE ILLU- STRATED.

Last year Charles Dana Gibson illus-
trated "The People of Dickens" for
The Ladies Home Journal. The pic-
tures were so successful that this year,
and during next year, W. L. Taylor,
the New England artist who has made
such rapid strides in his art, will illus-
trate "The People of Longfellow"—
also for The Ladies Home Journal.

HOW TO LOOK GOOD.

Good looks are really more than
skin deep, depending entirely on a
healthy condition of all the vital organs.
If the liver is inactive, you have a
bilious look; if your stomach is dis-
ordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if
your kidneys are affected, you have
pinched look. Secure good health, and
you will surely have good looks.
"Electric Bitters" is a good Alterative
and Tonic. Acts directly on the stom-
ach, liver and kidneys, purifies the
blood, cures pimples, blotches and
boils, and gives a good complexion.
Every bottle guaranteed. Sold at Mc-
Crum Drug Co., 50 cents per bottle.

MAY ABANDON THE NEGOTIA- TIONS.

Paris, Nov. 13.—Among onlookers
here the impression exists, though it is
not the result of any official statement,
that the Spanish Peace Commissioners
will not sign a treaty which the Ameri-
can Commissioners could sign.

Martin Luther, in speaking of the
powers of music, says: It is the art of
the prophets; it is the only other art
which, like theology, can calm the
agitations of the soul, and put the
devil to flight. Go to the Hobbie Com-
pany Lynchburg for the best pianos
and organs.

Rev. R. G. Pearson, the evangelist
who held a successful revival in Lex-
ington last year, is now conducting a
series of meetings in Staunton, under
auspices of the churches of that city.
Great interest is manifested, and many
conversions are reported.

OFFICIAL VOTE OF ROCK- BRIDGE.

PRECINCTS.	Quarles.	Huland.	McCurle.	Fulwiler.
Lexington.....	331	284	347	292
Colliersdown.....	28	137	29	138
Montgomery's.....	34	77	36	78
Hamilton's.....	58	36	61	41
Rockbridge Baths.....	53	21	54	40
Big Spring Mill.....	67	53	70	51
Smith's Mill.....	22	61	22	63
Brownburg.....	96	39	97	40
Flumen.....	53	28	54	28
Goshen.....	66	42	65	42
Kennedy's Mill.....	20	9	21	9
Timber Ridge.....	36	24	38	23
Riverside.....	29	25	27	27
Rapline.....	55	24	52	23
Duena Vista.....	177	83	184	79
Fairfield.....	96	59	96	62
Hartwood Shop.....	54	46	64	40
Glasgow.....	45	58	45	59
Oak Bank.....	62	36	65	38
Glenwood.....	35	10	36	12
Natural Bridge.....	95	46	101	48
Campbell's Mill.....	10	21	11	20

Total vote..... 1345 1156 1391 1174

On account of some of the Judges
of Timber Ridge Precinct not being
sworn, the vote of that district was
thrown out.

ELECTION RESULTS.

Elections were held in the United States
on the 8th, in 42 States. In most of these,
State officers as well as congressmen were
voted for, but in some the election was for
congressmen only.

Of course the important vote throughout
the country was the vote for congressmen,
because upon that hinges the question of
endorsement or condemnation of President
McKinley's administration. It also in-
volved in greater or less degree the financial
issue of 1896. From the best reports at the
present writing the following about indicates
the complexion of the next Congress:

SENATE.	REPUBLICANS.....	DEMOCRATS.....	OTHER PARTIES.....
	53	27	10
Total.....	90		

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.	REPUBLICANS.....	DEMOCRATS.....	OTHER PARTIES.....
	185	169	12
Total.....	357		

In the present Congress the Republicans
have 46 senators and 202 representatives.
They therefore gain 7 in the Senate and lose
about 17 in the House. Their majority in
the House will be "on 13 to 18."

The general vote in the States indicates
that they have gained on the political
complexion attributed to them in the following
table:

REPUBLICAN STATES.	DEMOCRATIC STATES.
California.	Alabama.
Connecticut.	Arkansas.
Delaware.	Florida.
Illinois.	Georgia.
Indiana.	Kentucky.
Iowa.	Louisiana.
Massachusetts.	Minnesota.
Michigan.	Mississippi.
Maryland.	Missouri.
Nebraska.	Montana.
New Hampshire.	North Carolina.
New Jersey.	North Dakota.
New York.	Pennsylvania.
Ohio.	Rhode Island.
Pennsylvania.	South Carolina.
Rhode Island.	Tennessee.
Washington.	Texas.
Wisconsin.	Utah.
	Virginia.
	West Virginia.

DEMOCRATIC STATES.	DEMOCRATIC STATES.
Alabama.	Colorado.
Arkansas.	Idaho.
Florida.	South Dakota.
Georgia.	Nevada.
Kentucky.	
Louisiana.	
Minnesota.	
Mississippi.	
Missouri.	
Montana.	
North Carolina.	
North Dakota.	
Pennsylvania.	
Rhode Island.	
South Carolina.	
Tennessee.	
Texas.	
Utah.	
Virginia.	
West Virginia.	

From the foregoing table it appears that
there is a change in political complexion,
as compared with two years ago, in several
States. Minnesota changes from Republi-
can to Democratic; Nebraska, from Fusion
to Republican; Washington, from Fusion to
Republican; West Virginia, from Republi-
can to Democratic, and Wyoming from Fusion
to Republican.

In Minnesota, which gave a Republican
majority of 60,000 at the gubernatorial elec-
tion of 1894, and one of 53,000 at the pre-
sidential election of 1896, John Lind, the
Democratic candidate for governor, is elect-
ed by 5,000. But the significance of this
reversal is modified by the fact that the Re-
publicans have elected the rest of their ticket.

West Virginia can be said to have re-
versed her position only because of changes
in the congressional delegation. All the
members of Congress from West Virginia
are now Republicans; but among the mem-
bers elected on the 8th two or more are
Democrats.

But in Nebraska, Kansas, Washington
and Wyoming the reversals are upon their
face substantial Republican victories. All
those States were carried for Bryan in 1896.

Does Your Back Ache?

In constant pain when on
your feet?
Is that dragging, pulling
sensation with you from morn-
ing till night?
Why not put the medicine
exactly on the disease? Why
not apply the cure right to
the spot itself?
You can do it with

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster

Immediately after the
Plaster is applied, you feel
its warming, soothing in-
fluence. Its healing remedies
quickly penetrate down deep
into the inflamed tissues.
Pain is quieted, soreness is re-
lieved and strength imparted.

No plaster was ever made like it.
No plaster ever acted so quickly
and thoroughly. No plaster ever
had such complete control over all
kinds of pain.

Placed over the chest it is a
powerful aid to Ayer's
Cherry Pectoral; relieving
congestion and drawing out
all inflammation.

and they have now been carried by the Re-
publicans. It is impossible, however, to
make a fair generalized comparison of the re-
cent elections with the national elections of
1896. No valid inferences as to the drift of
public sentiment can be drawn from any
comparison which does not consider the vote
in detail, and the vote in detail of the recent
election is not yet available.

In New York, Colonel Roosevelt, of
"rough rider" fame, was the Republican
candidate for governor against Judge Van
Wyck, brother of the mayor of Greater New
York. Judge Van Wyck was regarded as
the candidate of Tammany hall. Roosevelt has
been elected by a plurality of about 20,000.
Gov. Black, also a Republican, whom
Roosevelt is to succeed, was elected in 1896
by nearly 214,000.

The campaign in California was peculiar.
Congressman J. Ross G. Maguire having been
nominated for governor by a fusion of Demo-
crats, Populists and Silver Republicans.

BUCKLIN'S ARNICA SALVE.
The Best Salve in the world for
Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt
Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped
Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin
Eruptions, and positively cures Piles
or no pay required. It is guaranteed
to give perfect satisfaction or money
refunded. Price 25 cents per box,
or sale by McCrum Drug Co.

INSISTS ON HIS DEMANDS.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 13.—Presi-
dent McKinley is bound to have all
the Philippines. The Commissioners
expressed in their correspondence
with the State Department by cable
and by mail, before the President
made up his mind, and his views as to
what should or should not be kept,
Senator Gray favoring the minimum
and Senators Davis and Frye the
maximum demand, and their views
were all considered. But since the
President made up his mind and con-
cluded that it was impracticable to re-
turn any part of the archipelago to
Spain or to have anarchy and the
anarchy of no civilized government
at all, the Commissioners have, of
course, carried out their instructions in
pressing the demand of the President
without further questioning.

A VALUABLE BOOK.

Our lady readers can secure a valu-
able book by cutting out the coupon in
the advertisement of Wells, Richardson
& Co., Burlington, Vermont, and en-
closing a two cent stamp and sending
it to them.

ILLUSTRATED LECTURE.

Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in the
University Chapel, Rev. K. H. Basma-
jian will deliver a lecture under the
auspices of the Y. M. C. A. His sub-
ject is "Armenia, Turkey, and Oriental
Life," and it will be illustrated by
over 100 stereoscopic views. As a
native Armenian he is especially fitted
to lecture on such a theme. No ad-
mission fee will be charged, but a vol-
untary offering will be taken for the
lecturer and his mission.

FOR A NEW FORCE BILL.

Washington, Nov. 13.—It is reit-
erated to-day that the conclusions of
the administration with reference to
the race trouble in the Carolinas look
to a passive attitude unless there should
be new and serious disturbances pre-
sented other phases.

The President contemplates adver-
tising to this subject in his annual mes-
sage, coupling what he says with re-
commendations or suggestions as to
the expediency of legislation. In the
discussion over this matter in the cabi-
net on Friday there was more or less
talk on the advisability of another fed-
eral election law, the statutes covering
such sections having all been repealed
during the second administration of
Mr. Cleveland. One of the members
of the cabinet, said to be Secretary
Gage, is understood to have declared
very strongly in favor of a force bill
similar to the one which, after passing
the House, was sidetracked in the
Senate some years since.

It has not transpired whether Mr.
Gage had anything to say about the
wrong and outrages committed upon
the "down-trodden negro" in Illinois.
However, Mr. Gage has struck the
keynote of Republican policy toward
the South. If the radical element of
that party can succeed in fastening a
new batch of political legislation upon
the South it will be apt to remain for
a long period, as under any but the
most unusual and the most unlikely
circumstances the enormous Republi-
can majority in the Senate after March
4 cannot melt away under eight or ten
years.

Movements in this direction are
already in active progress. Several of
the Southern members of the national
Republican committee have arrived and
are "taking it up." No politicians,
singly and in delegations are coming
to besiege the White House and the
Department of Justice. Congress will
be deluged with petitions manufac-
tured and genuine, and effort will
be determined and unrelenting.

It is not hoped to get such legis-
lation through this Congress, as the
Senate as now constituted would
throw it out. But the work will begin
immediately after the meeting of the
new Congress, which there is a strong
probability will be called together in
the spring.

There is no question it will be a
great temptation to the Republicans to
enact legislation calculated to again
make the South solid for that party.
The Republican Senators from the
Northwest have for many years helped
materially to avert repressive Southern
legislation, as their sympathies on the
lines involved have been with the
Southern whites. But now, when
the Democrats will no longer have
any Senators of their own from any of
the great Middle and Northwestern
States to speak for them, whatever
sympathy or good feeling there might
be on the other side of the chamber
will be borne down by the overwhelm-
ing numbers.

The New England Senators have
never to this day "let up" on the
South. They will lead the new cru-
sade in a solid body. It would not be
surprising should Senator Lodge rein-
force his force bill immediately, so
as to have it in shape when the
new Congress convenes. The Eastern
Senators, reinforced by the new re-
cruits from the far West, would be
able in all probability to overcome the
conservative influence of the Central
Northwest.

One of the arguments which has
been used with the President in the
endeavor to commit him to the support
of the project is the material assis-
tance contributed to his nomination by
the white and black Republicans from
the South at the St. Louis convention.
His sense of gratitude is appealed to
as well as his sense of favors to come.
The President, it was said, could by
one stroke of his pen gather under his
banner the bulk, if not all, of the
Southern delegates to the next Re-
publican convention.

Perhaps if tranquility prevails in the
South from now on and there are no
more race troubles growing out of
politics, this force-bill agitation may
subside and public sentiment in the
North may not be disposed to favor it.
If otherwise, the South may have to
face the imminent prospect of another
dark and dismal period, bringing back
the sad memories of the reconstruction
era.

Fresh Fancy Groceries being received daily
by Thos. S. White & Son

Did You Take Scott's Emulsion

through the winter? If so, we
are sure it quieted your cough,
healed the rawness in your
throat, increased your weight,
gave you more color, and made
you feel better in every way.
But perhaps your cough has
come back again, or you are get-
ting a little thin and pale.

Then, why not continue the
same helpful remedy right
through the summer? It will do
you as much good as when the
weather is cold.

Is persistent cough certainly
giving you a better appetite and a
stronger digestion?

It will surely cure your
weak throat and
your inflamed
It will cure every
of consumption when
a cure is possible.

Don't be persuaded
to take something they say is just
as good.

All Druggists, etc., and
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

MARKET REPORT.

CORRECTED WEEK